

Salovum - Clinical Studies

Diarrhea - Inflammatory bowel diseases:

- Effect of Antisecretory Factor in Ulcerative Colitis on Histological and Laborative Outcome; a Short Period clinical trial, Scand J of Gastroenterol, Eriksson et al. (2003)
- P517 Efficacy of antisecretory factor in reducing high intestinal output in patients with ileostomy for Crohn's disease, poster presentation at Clinical Therapy and Observation, Scribano et al. (2015)
- IBD and diarrhea - Karolinska University, Lllejbo (case study)

Diarrhea – General:

- Antisecretory factor counteracts secretory diarrhea of endocrine origin, Clinical Nutrition, Laurenius et al. (2003)

Diarrhea - Children:

- The antisecretory factor – an efficient tool for rapid recovery from early childhood diarrhoea, Acta Paediatrica, Zaman et al. (2013)
- B 221, a medical food containing antisecretory factor reduces child diarrhoea: a placebo-controlled trial, Acta Paediatrica, Zaman et al. (2007)
- Antisecretory factor effectively and safely stops childhood diarrhoea: a placebo-controlled, randomised study, Acta Paediatrica, Zaman et al. (2014)
- High doses of Antisecretory Factor stops diarrhea fast without recurrence for six weeks post treatment, Internal Journal of Infectious diseases, Zaman et al. (2018)

Ménière:

- Antisecretory Factor: A Clinical Innovation in Ménière's Disease? Acta Oto-Laryngologica, Hanner et al. (2003)